Unconventional superconductivity from strong real-space correlations: From cuprates to twisted bilayer graphene

J. Spałek, M. Fidrysiak, and M. Zegrodnik²

¹ Marian Smoluchowski Institute of Physics, Jagiellonian University, ul. Łojasiewicza 11, 30-348 Kraków, Poland ² Academic Centre for Materials and Nanotechnology, AGH University of Science and Technology, Al. Mickiewicza 30, 30-059 Kraków, Poland

We overview briefly our recent results concerning the application of the diagrammatic expansion in both direct- and reciprocal-space for the Gutzwiller-type wave function (DE-GWF and k-DE-GWF, respectively) to the unconventional superconductivity in selected strongly correlated systems. The concrete examples considered here are the cuprates [1, 2], UGe₂ [3], and twisted bilayer graphene [4]. In the latter two cases only the leading-order results have been analyzed in detail so far. The most important feature of our results is direct relation to experiment in a semi-quantitative manner.

This work was supported financially by the Grant No. DEC-2012/04/A/ST3/00342 from National Science Centre (NCN) of Poland.

- J. Spałek, M. Zegrodnik, and J. Kaczmarczyk, Phys. Rev. B 95, 024506 (2017); M. Zegrodnik and J. Spałek, *ibid.*, B95, 024507 (2017); B96, 054511 (2017); New J. Phys. 20, 063015 (2018); arXiv:1805.11443 (2018).
- [2] M. Fidrysiak, M. Zegrodnik, and J. Spałek, arXiv:1805.01179 (2018).
- [3] E. Kądzielawa-Major, M. Fidrysiak, P. Kubiczek, and J. Spałek, Phys. Rev. B 97, 224519 (2018).
- [4] M. Fidrysiak, M. Zegrodnik, and J. Spałek, Phys. Rev. B 98, 085436 (2018).